Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of KritiLabs Technologies Limited (formerly known as KritiLabs Technologies Private Limited)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of KritiLabs Technologies Limited, formerly known as KritiLabs Technologies Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2026, and the statement of Profit and Loss and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021, as amended, (AS) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2026, its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *Code of Ethics* issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The Company's annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact to those charged with governance.

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Responsibilities of the Management and Board of Directors for Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit/(loss) and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards (AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion under section 143(3)(i) of the Act on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management and the Board of Directors.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material

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uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern; and

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. The report does not include the statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, since in our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the said order is not applicable to the company.

2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

   (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
   (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in the paragraph h(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
   (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of accounts.
   (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
   (e) On the basis of the written representations for the year received from the directors, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
   (f) Pursuant to MCA notification dated 13th June 2017, reporting on adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements is exempted for this company.
   (g) The observations related to maintenance of books of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph (b) above and paragraph h(vi) below on reporting under rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
   (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

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i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as of 31 March 2026 on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 33 to the financial statements.

ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2026; and

iv.

a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

b. The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

c. Based on such audit procedures that we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.

v. The Company has not paid/declared any dividend during the financial year.

vi. a. Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used accounting software (ERP) for maintaining its books of account, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded and we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with during the course of our audit.

However, audit trail was not enabled to log any direct data changes at database level both in application layer and database layer of the accounting software.

b. The audit trail has been preserved by the company as required by the statutory requirements record retention.



3. Since the Company is a private limited company, the provisions of Section 197 of the Act are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting on the compliance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act is not applicable.

For **PKF Sridhar & Santhanam LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.003990S/S200018



S Prasana Kumar
Partner
Membership No. 212354
UDIN: 26212354BJRFER1198

Place: Chennai
Date : 15th September 2026

KritiLabs Technologies Limited - (CIN : U74999TN2019PLC128763)

(formerly known as KritiLabs Technologies Private Limited)

Registered office: 24A SM Consortium Dr VSI Estate Phase II Thiruvanmiyur, Chennai - 600 041, India

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026

(All amounts are in lakh Indian Rupees (₹), unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note no.	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
I Equity and liabilities			
(1) **Shareholders' funds**			
(a) Share capital	3	35.07	35.07
(b) Reserves and surplus	4	4,574.98	3,193.00
		4,610.05	**3,228.07**
(2) **Non-current liabilities**			
(a) Long-term borrowings	5	1,949.35	1,894.84
(b) Long-term provisions	6	228.86	177.47
		2,178.21	**2,072.31**
(3) **Current liabilities**			
(a) Short-term borrowings	7	1,711.42	1,070.47
(b) Trade payables	8		
A.Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		-	-
B.Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		177.71	258.70
(c) Other current liabilities	9	529.48	516.43
(d) Short-term provisions	10	781.18	572.69
		3,199.79	**2,418.29**
Total		**9,988.05**	**7,718.67**
II **Assets**			
(1) **Non current assets**			
(a) Property, plant and equipment & Intangible assets			
A.Property, plant and equipment	11 (a)	4,434.07	4,032.42
B.Intangible assets	11 (b)	-	-
C.Intangible assets under development	11 (c)	795.80	312.36
(b) Deferred tax asset (Net)	12	93.54	144.37
(c) Long-term loans and advances	13	963.84	587.59
(d) Other non-current assets	14	1,976.79	1,397.26
		8,264.04	**6,474.00**
(2) **Current assets**			
(a) Inventories	15	162.69	244.63
(b) Trade receivables	16	1,472.97	880.90
(c) Cash and cash equivalents	17	4.36	34.18
(d) Short-term loans and advances	18	83.99	84.96
		1,724.01	**1,244.67**
Total		**9,988.05**	**7,718.67**
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		
See accompanying notes to the financial statements.	3-46		

As per our report of even date attached.

For PKF Sridhar and Santhanam LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No.: 003990S/S200018

S Prasana Kumar
Partner
Membership No: 212354
Place: Chennai
Date: 15-09-2026

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Kritilabs Technologies Limited

Maroor Varadarajan Srikrishna
Managing Director
DIN: 05244590
Place: Chennai
Date: 15-09-2026

Nirmala Varadarajan
Director
DIN: 08492596
Place: Chennai
Date: 15-09-2026

Jegannath Govindarajan
Chief Financial Officer
Place: Chennai
Date: 15-09-2026

Vignesh R
Company Secretary
ACS 75283
Place: Chennai
Date: 15-09-2026

KritiLabs Technologies Limited - (CIN : U74999TN2019PLC128763)

(formerly known as KritiLabs Technologies Private Limited)

Registered office: 24A SM Consortium Dr VSI Estate Phase II Thiruvanmiyur, Chennai - 600 041, India

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts are in lakh Indian Rupees (₹), unless otherwise stated)

	Particulars	Note no.	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
	Revenue			
I	Revenue from operations	19	6,709.14	5,861.17
II	Other income	20	80.53	53.45
III	**Total income (I+II)**		**6,789.67**	**5,914.62**
IV	**Expenses**			
	Cost of services & materials consumed	21	696.43	701.25
	Changes In Inventories Of Finished Goods, WIP, Stock-In-Trade	22	11.45	-11.45
	Employee benefits expense	23	1,588.94	1,517.99
	Finance costs	24	360.55	351.53
	Depreciation and amortization expenses	25	474.34	785.96
	Other expenses	26	2,029.15	1,609.67
IV	**Total expenses**		**5,160.86**	**4,954.95**
V	**Profit before tax (III-IV)**		**1,628.81**	**959.67**
VI	**Tax expense:**			
	Current tax		196.00	165.00
	Deferred tax		50.83	-19.87
	Total tax expense		**246.83**	**145.13**
VII	**Profit for the year (V-VI)**		**1,381.98**	**814.54**
VIII	**Earnings per equity share**	27		
	- Basic (Rs.)		399.75	235.61
	- Diluted (Rs.)		394.01	232.23
	- Face value (Rs.)		10.00	10.00
	Summary of significant accounting policies	2		
	See accompanying notes to the financial statements.	3-46		

As per our report of even date attached.

For PKF Sridhar and Santhanam LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No.: 003990S/S200018

S Prasana Kumar
Partner
Membership No: 212354
Place: Chennai
Date: 15-09-2026

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
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(formerly known as KritiLabs Technologies Private Limited)
Registered office: 24A SM Consortium Dr VSI Estate Phase II Thiruvanmiyur, Chennai - 600 041, India
Cash Flow Statement for the financial year ended March 31, 2026
(All amounts are in lakh Indian Rupees (₹), unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note no.	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Profit before tax		1,628.81	959.67
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation and amortization		474.34	785.96
Provision for gratuity		45.34	35.35
Provision for leave encashment		18.54	30.29
Creditors no longer payable		-0.30	-
Interest expense		360.55	351.53
Interest received & profit on redemption of units		-78.47	-53.27
Operating profit / (loss) before working capital changes		**2,448.81**	**2,109.53**
Adjustments for changes in:			
(Increase) / decrease trade receivables		**-592.07**	232.42
(Increase) / decrease inventories		**81.94**	-26.14
(Increase) / decrease loans and advances		**-375.28**	-381.85
Increase / (decrease) trade payables		**-80.69**	-31.58
Increase / (decrease) other current liabilities		13.05	114.84
Cash generated from operations		**1,495.76**	**2,017.22**
Less: Income taxes paid		-160.80	-198.93
Net cash flow from operating activities	**A**	**1,334.96**	**1,818.29**
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-1,359.43	-1,488.69
Investment in fixed deposits		-429.35	-149.34
Redemption in fixed deposits		10.62	2.38
Investment in current investments		-	-365.00
Redemption in current investments		-	365.00
Interest received & profit on redemption of units		78.47	53.27
Net cash flow (used) in investing activities	**B**	**-1,699.69**	**-1,582.38**
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of share capital		-	-
Proceeds from borrowings		1,684.56	641.41
Repayments of borrowings		-989.10	-534.17
Interest paid		-360.55	-351.53
Net cash flow from / (used) in financing activities	**C**	**334.91**	**-244.29**
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	**[A+B+C]**	**-29.82**	**-8.38**
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		34.18	42.56
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		**4.36**	**34.18**
Components of cash and cash equivalents			
Cash on hand		**0.30**	**0.05**
Balance with banks			
- on current account		**4.06**	**34.13**
- on deposit account			
		4.36	**34.18**

The above Cash Flow Statement should be read in connection with the accounting note 2(u) and note 17.

As per our report of even date attached.

For PKF Sridhar and Santhanam LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No.: 003990S/S200018

S Prasana Kumar
Partner
Membership No: 212354
Place: Chennai
Date: 15-09-2026

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Kritilabs Technologies Limited

Maroor Varadarajan Srikrishna
Managing Director
DIN: 05244590
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Chief Financial Officer
Place: Chennai
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Vignesh R
Company Secretary
ACS 75283
Place: Chennai
Date: 15-09-2026

1. Corporate Information

Kritilabs Technologies Limited ("the Company") originally incorporated as LLP on May 25, 2012 and subsequently into private limited company on April 16, 2019 and again converted into a public limited company on July 17, 2026. The Company is engaged in the business of remote asset management solutions having its registered office at Door No: 24A, SM Consortium Dr. VSI Estate Phase II, Thiruvanmiyur, Chennai – 600 041.

The Company falls under the definition of "Small Company" as defined under section 2(85) of the Companies Act, 2013.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised in accordance with the resolution of the Company's Board of Directors on 15th September 2026.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

a) Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention basis in accordance with the Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (IGAAP) in India and to comply with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('The Act') and the Accounting Standard specified under section 133 of the Act. All items of income and expenditure that have a material bearing on the financial statements are recognized on accrual basis. The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Company and are consistent with those used in the previous year, (except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision in the existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use).

b) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IGAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities and disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the period. Examples of such estimates include useful life of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and provision for taxes.

Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the Management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

c) Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

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- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

d) Expenditure

Expenses are accounted on accrual basis and provisions are made for all known losses and liabilities. Costs associated with providing various services are accrued at the time when related revenues are recognized.

e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing costs if capitalization criteria are met, directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use and initial estimate of decommissioning, restoring and similar liabilities. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment except for IOT devices. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Items of stores and spares that meet the definition of property, plant and equipment are capitalized at cost and depreciated over their useful life. Otherwise, such items are classified as inventories.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Property, plant and equipment held for sale is valued at lower of their carrying amount and net realizable value. Any write-down is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

f) Depreciation on property, plant and equipment

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated over their estimated useful lives using the Straight-line method, as per Schedule II of Companies Act, 2013, except for Plant and machinery – IoT devices which is based on the useful lives estimated by the management. The company has used the following rates to provide depreciation on its property, plant and equipment.

Asset Description	Useful life (years)
Plant and equipment - IOT devices	12
Plant and equipment - others	15
Office equipment	5

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Furniture and fixtures	10
Computers	3

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

g) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Costs incurred towards purchase of computer software are amortised using the straight-line method over a period based on management's estimate of useful lives of such software being 3 years, or over the license period of the software, whichever is shorter.

The amortization period and the amortization method are reviewed at least at each financial year end. If the expected useful life of the asset is significantly different from previous estimates, the amortization period is changed accordingly. If there has been a significant change in the expected pattern of economic benefits from the asset, the amortization method is changed to reflect the changed pattern. Such changes are accounted for in accordance with AS 5 *Net Profit or Loss for the Period, Prior Period Items and Changes in Accounting Policies*.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Research and development costs
Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditure incurred on an individual project is recognized as an intangible asset when the company can demonstrate all the following:

- The technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale
- Its intention to complete the asset
- Its ability to use or sell the asset
- How the asset will generate future economic benefits.
- The availability of adequate resources to complete the development and to use or sell the asset
- The ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during development.

Following the initial recognition of the development expenditure as an asset, the cost model is applied requiring the asset to be carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization of the asset begins when development is complete and the asset is available for use. It is amortized on a straight-line basis over the period of expected future benefit from the related project. Amortization is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. During the period of development, the asset is tested for impairment annually.

Intangible assets under development:
Intangible Assets are recognised only if they are separately identifiable and the Company expects to receive future economic benefits arising out of them. Such Assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.
Amortisation will be provided after the completion of the CWIP on Straight Line Basis.

h) Impairment

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors. An impairment loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss where ever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is greater of asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to

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their present value at the weighted average cost of capital. An impairment loss is reversed in the statement of profit and loss if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

i) Leases

Where the company is a lessee
Assets acquired under leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. In respect of operating lease, rentals and all other expenses are treated as revenue expenditure. Operating lease payments are recognized as expenses in the statement of profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Where the company is a lessor
Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Assets subject to operating leases are included in property, plant and equipment. Lease income on an operating lease is recognized in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Costs, including depreciation, are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss. Initial direct costs such as legal costs, brokerage costs, etc. are recognized immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

j) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of cost of that asset, net of income earned on the temporary investment of those funds pending their utilization, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for the intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are recognized as expenses in the period in which they are incurred. To the extent the Company borrows funds generally and uses them for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the Company determines the amount of borrowings costs eligible for capitalization by applying a capitalization rate to the expenditure incurred on such asset. The capitalization rate is determined based on the weighted average of borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Company which are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically towards purchase of qualifying asset. The amount of borrowing costs that the Company capitalizes during a period does not exceed the amount of borrowing costs incurred during that period.

All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

k) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

Sale of goods
Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been passed to the buyer, usually on delivery of the goods. The Company collects Goods and Service Tax (GST) and other taxes on behalf of the government and, therefore, these are not economic benefits flowing to the Company. Hence, they are excluded from revenue.



Income from services
Revenues from remote asset management contracts are recognized pro-rata over the period of the contract as and when services are rendered. The Company collects GST on behalf of the government and, therefore, it is not an economic benefit flowing to the company. Hence, it is excluded from revenue.

Interest
Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate. Interest income is included under the head "other income" in the statement of profit and loss.

Dividends
Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive dividend is established by the reporting date.

l) Inventory

Raw materials are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. However, materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost of raw materials is determined on a weighted average basis. Stores and spares which do not meet the definition of property, plant and equipment are accounted as inventories.
Work-in-progress and finished goods are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

m) Foreign currency transactions

Initial recognition
Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

Conversion
Foreign currency monetary items are retranslated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items, which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency, are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items, which are measured at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency, are translated using the exchange rate at the date when such value was determined.

Exchange differences
Exchange differences arising on translation/settlement are recognised as income or as expenses in the period in which they arise.

n) Taxes on Income

Tax expenses comprise of current and deferred taxes.

Current Taxes
Provision for income tax is made on the basis of the estimated taxable income as per the provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961 and the relevant Finance Act.

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Deferred tax
Deferred tax is provided in respect of all material timing differences between the accounting and tax treatment of income and expenditure, which are expected with reasonable probability to reverse in subsequent periods. The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognized using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realized in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognized only when there is a virtual certainty of realization of such assets. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and written down or, written up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realized.

o) Employee Benefits

Defined contribution plan

Provident fund and Employee State Insurance
Contributions to Provident Fund Employee State Insurance and are charged to the statement of Profit and Loss Account in the year of contribution. There are no other obligations other than such contribution payable to the respective fund / scheme.

Defined benefit plan

Gratuity
The liability towards Gratuity of the Company is unfunded. The Company accrues liability for gratuity on actuarial basis using projected unit credit method as at every financial year end.

Compensated absences
Accrued value of compensated absences is provided based on the actuarial valuation as at every financial year end.

p) Investments

Current investments
Current investments are investments which by their nature are readily realisable and are intended to be held for less than a year from the date of the investment. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value.

Long term investments
Long term investments are investments other than the current investment, even though they might be freely marketable. Long term investments are carried at their cost.

Gain or loss arising on sale of investments, computed as the difference between the carrying amount and proceeds from sales net of any expenses is recognized in Profit and Loss.

Where a long-term investment is reclassified as a current investment, the transfer is made at lower of cost and carrying amount at the date of such transfer. Where an investment is reclassified from current investment to long-term investment, the transfer is made at the lower of cost and the fair value of such investment at the date of such transfer.



q) Provisions and Contingencies

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event, for which it is probable that a cash outflow will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not discounted to their present value (except in case of decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities that are recognised as cost of Property, Plant and Equipment) and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when the Company has a possible obligation and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits may not be required to settle the obligation or where reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made.

When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

A contingent asset is neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

r) Segment reporting

The Company's primary segment is identified as business segment based on nature of products and services which are subject to similar risks and returns and secondary segment is identified based on geographical location of the customers as per Accounting Standard-17. The Company is principally engaged in single business segment viz remote asset management solutions.

s) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

t) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

u) Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.



Note No.

3 Share capital

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	No. of Shares	Rs. In Lakhs	No. of Shares	Rs. In Lakhs
Authorised				
Equity shares of Rs.10 each	500,000	50.00	500,000	50.00
Preference shares of Rs.10 each	100,000	10.00	100,000	10.00
	600,000	**60.00**	**600,000**	**60.00**
Issued				
Equity shares of Rs.10 each	345,713	34.57	345,713	34.57
Compulsorily Convertible preference shares of Rs.10 each	5,030	0.50	5,030	0.50
	350,743	**35.07**	**350,743**	**35.07**
Subscribed and fully paid up				
Equity shares of Rs.10 each	345,713	34.57	345,713	34.57
Compulsorily Convertible preference shares of Rs.10 each	5,030	0.50	5,030	0.50
	350,743	**35.07**	**350,743**	**35.07**

a Movement in the Equity Share capital during the year

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	No. of Shares	Rs. In Lakhs	No. of Shares	Rs. In Lakhs
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	345,713	34.57	345,713	34.57
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	**345,713**	**34.57**	**345,713**	**34.57**

b Movement in Complusorily Convertible Preference Share capital during the year

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	No. of Shares	Rs. In Lakhs	No. of Shares	Rs. In Lakhs
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	5,030	0.50	5,030	0.50
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	**5,030**	**0.50**	**5,030**	**0.50**

c Terms and rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company shall declare and pay dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors shall be subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except interim dividend which can be approved by the Board of Directors.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

d Terms and rights attached to preference shares

The Company has only one class of Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares ('CCPS') having a face value of Rs. 10 per share. The Company CCPS shall rank senior to all classes of Shares, with respect to dividend distribution of proceeds upon a liquidation event with respect to the Company. The CCPS shall be converted into ordinary shares in the ratio of 1:1 on or before 23rd April 2040 and shall have voting rights as per the provisions of the Companies Act 2013.



Note No.

e Details of Ordinary shareholders holding more than 5 percent in the Company

Name of the shareholder	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	No. of Shares	% against total number of shares	No. of Shares	% against total number of shares
Maroor Varadarajan Srikrishna	179,025	51.78%	179,025	51.78%
Lalgudi Natarajan Rajaram	120,000	34.71%	120,000	34.71%
Kritilabs ESOP Trust	18,182	5.26%	18,182	5.26%

f Details of Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shareholders(CCPS) as at end of the year

Name of the CCPS holder	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	No. of Shares	% against total number of shares	No. of Shares	% against total number of shares
Pontaq Nominees Limited	5,030	100.00%	5,030	100.00%

g Details of changes in the shareholding pattern of promoters

Name of the Promoter	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	No. of Shares	% against total number of shares	No. of Shares	% against total number of shares
Maroor Varadarajan Srikrishna	179,025	51.78%	179,025	51.78%
Lalgudi Natarajan Rajaram	120,000	34.71%	120,000	34.71%

Note: No change in the shareholding pattern.

h Details of shares issued for consideration other than cash

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
No of shares	-	-
Consideration for the shares issued	-	-

i Employee Stock Option Scheme

The Company has an Employee Stock Option Scheme ("ESOP Scheme") administered through an ESOP Trust. The Scheme provides for grant of equity-settled employee stock options to eligible employees, subject to the vesting conditions specified under the Scheme. Each option entitles the holder to acquire one equity share of the Company at the exercise price determined in accordance with the terms of the Scheme.

The options are subject to a vesting period of 1 year and are exercisable within 15 years from the date of vesting. The options are settled through equity shares of the Company.

The Company accounts for the ESOP Scheme as an equity-settled share-based payment plan and recognises the related employee compensation expense over the vesting period in accordance with the applicable accounting policy.

Movement in Employee Stock Options

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026		For the year ended March 31, 2025	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (₹)	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (₹)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	5,346	10	5,346	10
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-
Expired during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	**5,346**	**10**	**5,346**	**10**
Exercisable at the end of the year	**5,346**	**10**	**5,346**	**10**

The weighted average exercise price of the outstanding options as at March 31, 2026 is ₹10 per option.

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Note No.

Fair value of options

The fair value of the options granted during the year ended March 31, 2021 was determined using the intrinsic value method. The fair value of the underlying equity shares at the grant date was ₹5,215 per share and the exercise price was ₹10 per option. The fair value of the options was determined based on the applicable valuation methodology at the grant date.

No options were granted during the years ended March 31, 2026.

Effect on financial statements

The total employee compensation expense recognised during the year in respect of the ESOP Scheme was ₹Nil (2025: ₹Nil; 2024: ₹Nil).

As at March 31, 2026, 5,346 employee stock options were outstanding and exercisable, while 18,182 equity shares of the Company were held by the ESOP Trust for the purpose of administering the ESOP Scheme. These shares have already been allotted to the ESOP Trust.

j As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders / members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

k No shares were bought back since incorporation of the Company.

l No dividend has been declared or paid during the year.

m Subsequent to March 31,2026, the Company increased its authorised share capital from ₹ 60,00,000/- to ₹25,00,00,000/- pursuant to the approval of the shareholders of the Company on September 11, 2026.

n Subsequent to March 31, 2026, the Company has issued and allotted 11,265 equity shares of ₹10 each at a premium of ₹5,806 per equity share pursuant to the Pre-IPO placement on August 1, 2026. Accordingly, the Company has raised an aggregate amount of ₹655.17, comprising equity share capital of ₹1.12 and securities premium of ₹654.05.

o The Company has issued 1,496 ordinary equity shares without payment being received in cash to professionals who have rendered professional services to the Company during the period of five years immediately preceding the Balance Sheet date.

p Further, the management also approved the conversion of outstanding Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) in to 5,030 equity shares (face value of ₹10/- each) at the ratio of 1:1 and Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCD) in to 1,258 equity shares at an issue price of ₹ 5,816 per share (face value of ₹10/- each and a securities premium of ₹5,806) on September 15,2026.

4 Reserves and surplus	**As at March 31, 2026**	**As at March 31, 2025**
Securities premium		
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,107.11	1,107.11
Additions during the year	-	-
Deductions during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	**1,107.11**	**1,107.11**
Surplus /(Deficit) in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,807.10	992.56
Transfer from statement of profit and loss	1,381.98	814.54
Balance at the end of the year	**3,189.08**	**1,807.10**
Share options outstanding account		
Balance at the beginning of the year	278.79	278.79
Additions during the year	-	-
Deductions during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	**278.79**	**278.79**
	4,574.98	**3,193.00**

4.1 Securities premium represents the premium received on issue of shares over and above their face value. The balance is available for utilisation for the purposes specified under Section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.

4.2 Share options outstanding represents the cumulative amount recognised in respect of equity-settled share-based payment arrangements granted by the Company.

4.3 Surplus represents the accumulated profits of the Company after adjustments and appropriations. The balance is available for utilisation in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

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Note No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
5	**Long-term borrowings**		
	Secured		
	Term loan from banks	3,046.99	2,523.46
	Unsecured		
	Loan from directors &	7.07	7.07
	Compulsorily convertible debentures ##	-	73.23
	Less: Current maturity of long term borrowings	-1,104.71	-708.92
		1,949.35	**1,894.84**

Loan	Repayment terms	Interest rate	EMI (Rs in lakhs)	Last EMI
HDFC Bank - Loan I	61 months	8.80%	7.86 lakhs	Apr-27
HDFC Bank - Loan II @	37 months	11.29%	4.83 lakhs	Dec-25
HDFC Bank - Loan III	61 months	9.60%	51.38 lakhs	Sep-28
HDFC Bank - Loan IV	59 months	9.50%	34.14 lakhs	Nov-29
Axis Bank	36 months	9.50%	13.27 lakhs	Apr-28

All loans are availed for working capital purposes by the Company.
@ Repaid during the year.
& The loans from directors are interest free and are repayable after 1 year .

Security against borrowings
(a) fixed deposits maintained with banks towards margin/security for bank guarantee and other credit
(b) margin on stock and receivables;
(c) assets created out of term loans;
(d) collateral fixed deposits against term loan facilities; and
(e) other securities as stipulated under the respective sanction terms.
The borrowings are additionally secured by personal guarantees of all the Directors and an escrow

6	**Long-term provisions**		
	Provision for employee benefits		
	Provision for compensated absences	94.81	81.03
	Provision for gratuity	134.05	96.44
		228.86	**177.47**
7	**Short-term borrowings**		
	Cash credit from banks #	533.48	361.55
	Compulsorily convertible debentures ##	73.23	-
	Current maturity of long term borrowings (refer note 5)	1,104.71	708.92
		1,711.42	**1,070.47**

The Company has availed cash credit from HDFC bank & Axis Bank with an interest rate 9% p.a which is secured against the working
The Company has issued 7,323 Compulsorily Convertible Debentures ('CCD') of face value Rs.1000 per CCD with a coupon rate of 12% per annum and the same can be converted into equity shares on or before 17th December 2026.

8	**Trade payables**		
	Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	-	-
	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	177.71	258.70
		177.71	**258.70**

Trade payables ageing Schedule

	As at March 31, 2026				
Particulars	**Less than 1 year**	**1-2 years**	**2-3 years**	**Above 3 years**	**Total**
MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Others	177.71	-	-	-	177.71
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - others	-	-	-	-	-
	177.71		-	-	**177.71**



Note No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025

As at March 31, 2025

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	Above 3 years	Total
MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Others	258.70	-	-	-	258.70
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - others	-	-	-	-	-
	258.70		-	-	**258.70**

As there is no due dates specified in the contracts with the suppliers, ageing computed based on the date of the transaction to the extent of the information available with the Company.

9	**Other current liabilities**		
	Employee compensation payable	133.15	143.12
	Payable to directors	17.21	90.23
	Interest accrued on borrowings(not due)	21.29	15.63
	Lease rent equalisation	3.38	1.47
	Liability for other expenses*	182.75	124.21
	Refundable Security deposits from customers	36.58	33.92
	Statutory liabilities	135.12	107.85
		529.48	**516.43**

*Includes provision unspent CSR amount of Rs.12.69 lakhs(refer note 42)

10	**Short-term provisions**		
	Provision for employee benefits		
	Provision for compensated absences	23.82	19.06
	Provision for gratuity	16.36	8.63
	Others		
	Provision for income tax	741.00	545.00
		781.18	**572.69**



11 Property, plant and equipment & Intangible assets

11 (a) Property, plant and equipment

	Plant and equipment - IOT devices	Plant and equipment - others	Office equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Computers	Vehicles	Total
Cost or valuation							
As at April 01, 2024	5,950.98	116.56	17.09	10.22	87.83	12.01	6,194.69
Additions	1,096.59	45.75	4.46	2.77	26.76	-	1,176.33
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-		-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	7,047.57	162.31	21.55	12.99	114.59	12.01	7,371.02
Additions	815.79	39.52	4.78	3.85	12.05	-	875.99
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2026	7,863.36	201.83	26.33	16.84	126.64	12.01	8,247.01
Accumulated depreciation							
As at April 01, 2024	2,513.81	13.74	4.00	1.92	45.91	0.11	2,579.49
Depreciation charge	720.50	7.72	4.87	1.17	23.66	1.19	759.11
Reversal on disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	3,234.31	21.46	8.87	3.09	69.57	1.30	3,338.60
Depreciation charge	426.64	12.82	1.54	3.05	29.09	1.20	474.34
Reversal on disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2026	3,660.95	34.28	10.41	6.14	98.66	2.50	3,812.94
Net Block							
Balance as at March 31, 2025	3,813.26	140.85	12.68	9.90	45.02	10.71	4,032.42
Balance as at March 31, 2026	4,202.41	167.55	15.92	10.70	27.98	9.51	4,434.07

11 (b) Intangible assets

	Computer Software	Product intangibles	Total
As at April 01, 2024	39.77	80.56	120.33
Additions	-		-
Disposals			-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	39.77	80.56	120.33
Additions			-
Disposals			-
Balance as at March 31, 2026	39.77	80.56	120.33
As at April 01, 2024	39.77	53.71	93.48
Depreciation charge	-	26.85	26.85
Reversal on disposal			-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	39.77	80.56	120.33
Depreciation charge			-
Reversal on disposal			-
Balance as at March 31, 2026	39.77	80.56	120.33
Balance as at March 31, 2025	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2026	-	-	-

11 (c) Intangible assets under development

Particulars	Product development	Other Intangibles under development	Total
Balance as at March 31, 2025	312.36	-	312.36
Additions	483.44	-	483.44
Capitalised	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2026	795.80	-	795.80

Intangible assets under development ageing schedule

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-
Projects in Progress		
Less than 1 yr.	483.44	312.36
1-2 yrs.	312.36	-
2-3 yrs.	-	-
More than 3 yrs.	-	-
Total	795.80	312.36

Notes:

1 Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost net of recoverable taxes based on intended outward supplies and furtherance of business, trade discounts and rebate.
2 Depreciation/Amortisation is done on Straight Line Method considering the useful life of asset in question.
3 The cost of Additions & Deductions in the Property, Plant & Equipment; and Intangible Assets made during the year has been taken as given by the Management.
4 Depreciation has been charged on assets held as at the opening date of the year and on assets capitalised and put to use during the year, as applicable.
5 The Company does not have any Intangible assets under development which is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan and hence the disclosure of Intangible assets under development completion schedule is not applicable.

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Note No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025

12 Deferred tax asset (Net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	Charge/(Benefit)	As at March 31, 2026
Impact of timing differences between tax depreciation and depreciation as per the financials	100.27	-66.84	33.43
Impact of timing differences between other temporary disallowances	44.10	16.01	60.11
	144.37	**-50.83**	**93.54**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	Charge/(Benefit)	As at March 31, 2025
Impact of timing differences between tax depreciation and depreciation as per the financials	88.02	12.25	100.27
Impact of timing differences between other temporary disallowances	36.48	7.62	44.10
	124.50	**19.87**	**144.37**

13 Long term loans and advances

(Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise)		
Security deposits	963.84	587.59
	963.84	**587.59**

14 Other non-current assets

(Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise)		
Deposits with original maturity more than 12 months*	1,329.28	910.55
Less: Income tax assets	647.51	486.71
	1,976.79	**1,397.26**

*Held as guarantee with bank for gaurentees and term loans and the same is intended to be renewed till the entire repayment of the term loans & the closure of the guarantees by the Company.

15 Inventories

(Lower of Cost and net realisable value)		
Raw materials and components	162.69	233.18
Work in progress	-	-
Finished goods *	-	11.45
	162.69	**244.63**

* Finished goods comprise of Locks, controllers, GPS, GSM etc.,

16 Trade receivables

Unsecured, considered good	1,472.97	880.90
Unsecured, considered doubtful	19.66	19.66
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	-19.66	-19.66
	1,472.97	**880.90**



Note No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025

Ageing of trade receivables*:

As at March 31, 2026

	Less than 6 months	6 months- 1 year	1-2 yrs	2-3 yrs	More Than 3 Years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	1,472.97	-	-	-	-	1,472.97
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful	1.17	6.24	11.48	0.57	0.20	19.66
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	-1.17	-6.24	-11.48	-0.57	-0.20	-19.66
	1,472.97	-		-	-	**1,472.97**

As at March 31, 2025

	Less than 6 months	6 months- 1 year	1-2 yrs	2-3 yrs	More Than 3 Years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	880.90	-	-	-	-	880.90
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful	8.08	10.81	0.57	0.20	-	19.66
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	-8.08	-10.81	-0.57	-0.20	-	-19.66
	880.90	-		-	-	**880.90**

*As there is no due dates specified in the contracts with the customers, ageing computed based on the date of the transaction.

17 Cash and cash equivalents

Balances with banks:		
- In current accounts	4.06	34.13
Cash on hand	0.30	0.05
	4.36	**34.18**

18 Short term loans and advances

(Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise)

Rental deposits	39.07	42.19
Advance to ESOP Trust	2.31	2.20
Advance to suppliers	12.44	10.78
Advance to capital creditors *	-	3.50
Employee advances	3.32	3.73
Balance with Government authorities	-	13.17
Prepaid expenses	26.85	9.39
	83.99	**84.96**

* Advance to capital creditors towards the capital purchase commitment (refer note no: 32)



Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
19	**Revenue from operations**		
	Sale of services - domestic & exports	7,697.42	6,909.04
	Sale of products - domestic	199.24	7.15
		7,896.66	**6,916.19**
	Less: GST	1,187.52	1,055.01
		6,709.14	5,861.17
	Less: Inter - branch sale	-	-
		6,709.14	**5,861.17**
20	**Other income**		
	Interest income	78.46	51.18
	Creditors no longer payable	0.30	0.04
	Profit on sale of investments	0.01	2.09
	Net gain on exchange fluctuation	1.76	-
	Other income	-	0.14
		80.53	**53.45**
21	**Cost of services & materials consumed #**		
	Inventory at the beginning of the year	233.18	218.49
	Add: Purchases	1,058.98	1,070.73
	Less: Consumed for manufacturing leased IOT devices (refer note 27)	-433.04	-354.79
	Less: Inventory at the end of the year	-162.69	-233.18
		696.43	701.25
	Less: Inter - branch purchase	-	-
		696.43	**701.25**
	#Amount disclosed is net of capitalization		
22	**Changes In Inventories Of Finished Goods, WIP, Stock-In-Trade**		
	(a) Opening Stock		
	Finished Goods	11.45	-
	Work In Progress	-	-
	Total	**11.45**	-
	(b) Closing Stock		
	Finished Goods	-	11.45
	Work In Progress	-	-
	Total	-	**11.45**
	Changes In Inventories Of Finished Goods, WIP, Stock-In-Trade	**11.45**	**-11.45**
23	**Employee benefits expense #**		
	Salaries, wages and bonus (refer note 28)	1,235.58	1,181.58
	Directors remuneration	75.00	63.00
	Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 28)	111.94	118.67
	Gratuity (refer note 31(a))	52.55	37.88
	Compensated absences (refer note 31(b))	24.98	31.45
	Staff welfare expenses	88.89	85.41
		1,588.94	**1,517.99**
	#Amount disclosed is net of capitalization		
24	**Finance costs #**		
	Interest on borrowings (refer note 28)	345.07	291.49
	Interest on others	1.41	0.77
	Bank charges	14.07	59.27
		360.55	**351.53**
	#Amount disclosed is net of capitalization		
25	**Depreciation and amortisation expense**		
	Depreciation on Property, plant and equipment (Refer note 11 (a))	474.34	759.11
	Amortisation of intangible assets (Refer note 11 (b))	-	26.85
		474.34	**785.96**



Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
26	**Other expenses #**		
	Rent (refer note 28)	89.26	53.12
	Legal and professional charges - Consultants' charges (refer note 28)	1,034.72	593.70
	Power and fuel	22.51	28.46
	Rates and taxes	2.59	15.03
	Repairs and maintenance		-
	- Vehicles	0.13	0.92
	- Furniture & fittings	4.68	4.68
	- Office equipments	65.82	52.39
	Travelling and conveyance expenses	119.74	76.93
	Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenditure (refer note 44)	12.69	-
	Communication and postage - Freight cost (refer note 28)	624.80	738.97
	Auditors remuneration*	11.00	10.25
	Irrecoverable receivables written off	-	3.72
	Net loss on exchange fluctuation	-	0.41
	Director's Sitting Fees	2.25	3.00
	Miscellaneous expenses	38.96	28.09
		2,029.15	**1,609.67**
	#Amount disclosed is net of capitalization		
	Auditors remuneration*		
	- Statutory audit	10.00	9.50
	- Tax audit	1.00	0.75
	- Other services	-	-
		11.00	**10.25**
27	**Earnings per share (EPS)**		
	Profit for the year	1,381.98	814.54
	Weighted average equity shares outstanding (nos.)	345,713	345,713
	Basic earnings per share (Rs.)	399.75	235.61
	Adjusted profit for the year for effects of interest on compulsorily convertible debentures, net of tax	1,381.98	814.54
	Weighted average equity shares outstanding (nos.)	350,743	350,743
	Diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	394.01	232.23
	Nominal value of equity share (Rs.)	10.00	10.00
28	**Capitalization of expenditure**		
	Cost of materials consumed (refer Note 21)	433.04	354.79
	Salaries, wages and bonus (refer Note 23)	649.16	435.93
	Legal & Professional Charges - Consultants' charges (refer Note 26)	161.77	543.49
	Rent, Power & Fuel (refer Note 26)	28.83	37.54
	Communication and postage - Freight cost (refer Note 26)	20.15	29.30
	Finance cost (refer Note 24)	6.28	7.89
		1,299.23	**1,408.94**

During the year, the Company has capitalized the above expenses of revenue nature to the cost of property, plant and equipment - IOT devices / intangible assets under development. Consequently, expenses disclosed under the respective notes are net of amounts capitalized by the Company.



Note No **Particulars**

29 Related party disclosure

a. Name of the related party and nature of relationship

Name of the related party	Relationship
Maroor Varadarajan Srikrishna	Director
Lalgudi Natarajan Rajaram	Director
Nirmala Varadarajan	Director
Radhakrishnan Ramamurthy Krishnaswamy	Independent Director
Jegannath Govindarajan	Chief Financial Officer *(appointed w.e.f 11th September 2026)*
Vignesh R	Company Secretary *(appointed w.e.f 11th September 2026)*
Kritilabs Technologies Inc., USA	Common Shareholders
Intutix Technologies Pte. Ltd., Singapore	Common Shareholders
Kritilabs ESOP Trust	Common Interest
Expert Software Consultants Private Limited	Director(s) exercise significant influence - 10.53%
Eric Risk Management Solutions Private Limited	Director(s) exercise significant influence - 0.68%
1PS Software and Support Solutions Private Limited	Director(s) exercise significant influence - 1%

Particulars	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
b. Transactions with related parties		
Loans obtained from directors		
Maroor Varadarajan Srikrishna	100.49	253.08
Repayments of loans to directors		
Maroor Varadarajan Srikrishna	100.49	253.08
Director's remuneration		
Maroor Varadarajan Srikrishna	45.00	39.00
Lalgudi Natarajan Rajaram	30.00	24.00
Nirmala Varadarajan		
Revenue from operations		
1PS Software and Support Solutions Private Limited	2.34	2.78
Kritilabs Technologies Inc., USA	111.84	-
Sitting fees		
Radhakrishnan Ramamurthy Krishnaswamy	2.25	3.00
c. Amount due to / from related parties		
Payable to Directors (incl. remuneration)		
Maroor Varadarajan Srikrishna	5.07	33.84
Lalgudi Natarajan Rajaram	4.38	48.62
Nirmala Varadarajan	7.77	7.77
Trade Receivables		
1PS Software and Support Solutions Private Limited	0.23	0.28
Kritilabs Technologies Inc., USA	113.58	-
Compulsorily convertible debentures		
Maroor Varadarajan Srikrishna (effective from April 18, 2026)	25.23	-
Lalgudi Natarajan Rajaram (effective from April 18, 2026)	48.00	-
Loans and Advance		
Kritilabs ESOP Trust	2.31	2.21
Loans Payable		
Maroor Varadarajan Srikrishna	5.87	5.87
Lalgudi Natarajan Rajaram	1.20	1.20

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Note No	Particulars
30	**Segment Reporting**

(a) Description of Segments and Principal Activities:

The Company operates in a single business segment, namely "Remote Asset Management Solution", which is the only reportable business segment in accordance with Accounting Standard (AS) 17, "Segment Reporting". The Company's business activities are primarily related to providing remote asset management solutions and the risks and returns associated with its products and services are substantially similar.

Accordingly, the Company's primary segment information relates to the single business segment and the segment revenue and segment results are reflected in the financial statements for the years ended March 31, 2026.

Geographical Information

The Company's revenue from external customers based on the geographical location of customers is as follows:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2026
Within India	6,597.30	5,861.17
Outside India	111.84	-
Total	**6,709.14**	**5,861.17**

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Note No. Particulars

31 Employee benefits obligation

Defined benefit plan

(a) Gratuity

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service subject to a maximum of Rs. 20 lakhs. The scheme is unfunded and accordingly the disclosures relating to plan assets are not provided. The entity has computed its value of defined obligation based on Projected Unit Credit Method (PUCM). Experience adjustments has been disclosed based on the information available in the actuarial valuation report.

The following tables summarize the components of net benefit expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss and the funded status and amounts recognized in the balance sheet.

A. **Changes in defined benefit obligation ('DBO')**	**For the Year ended March 31, 2026**	**For the Year ended March 31, 2025**
Present value of obligation at beginning of the year	105.07	69.72
Current service cost	34.51	27.27
Interest cost	6.87	4.92
Actuarial (gain) / loss	11.17	5.69
Benefits paid	-7.21	-2.53
Present value of obligation at end of the year	150.41	105.07
- Current	16.36	8.63
- Non-Current	134.05	96.44

B. **Net (asset)/liability recognised in the balance sheet as at year end**	**For the Year ended March 31, 2026**	**For the Year ended March 31, 2025**
Present value of obligation at end of the year	150.41	105.06
Fair value of plan assets	-	-
Unrecognised past service cost	-	-
Net (asset)/liability in the balance sheet	150.41	105.06

C. **Expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss**	**For the Year ended March 31, 2026**	**For the Year ended March 31, 2025**
Current service cost	34.51	27.27
Interest cost	6.87	4.92
Actuarial (gain)/loss recognised in the period	11.17	5.69
Total expenses recognised in the profit and loss statement for the year	52.55	37.88

D. **Assumptions and experience adjustments for the purpose of actuarial valuation**	**For the Year ended March 31, 2026**	**For the Year ended March 31, 2025**
Actuarial assumptions		
Mortality table	IALM(2012-14)Ult	IALM(2012-14)Ult
Discount rate	7.22%	6.77%
Salary escalation rate	10.00%	10.00%
Attrition rate	23.00%	23.00%
Expected average remaining service	29.53	30.40
Retirement Age	60.00	60.00
Net defined benefit obligation		
Defined benefit obligation	150.41	105.06
Plan assets	-	-
Surplus / (deficit)	(150.41)	(105.06)



Note No. **Particulars**

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The results of sensitivity analysis is given below:

E.	Particulars	Impact on defined benefit obligation	
		For the Year ended March 31, 2026	For the Year ended March 31, 2025
(i)	Discount rate		
	- 1% increase (+100 BP)	139.93	97.08
	- 1% decrease (-100 BP)	162.59	114.41
(ii)	Salary growth rate		
	- 1% increase (+100 BP)	159.81	112.47
	- 1% decrease (-100 BP)	141.88	98.05
(iii)	Attrition rate		
	- 1% increase (+100 BP)	147.49	102.42
	- 1% decrease (-100 BP)	153.69	108.02

(b) Compensated absences

The assumptions used for computing the accumulated compensated absences on actuarial basis are as follows:

A.	Actuarial assumptions	For the Year ended March 31, 2026	For the Year ended March 31, 2025
1	Discount rate	7.22%	6.77%
2	Salary escalation rate	10.00%	10.00%
3	Attrition rate	23.00%	23.00%

B.	Change in present value of obligation during the year	For the Year ended March 31, 2026	For the Year ended March 31, 2025
	Present value of obligation at beginning of the year	100.09	69.79
	Current service cost	64.84	54.71
	Interest cost	6.56	4.98
	Actuarial (gain)/loss	-46.41	-28.23
	Benefits paid	-6.45	-1.16
	Present value of obligation at end of the year	118.63	100.09
	- Current	23.82	19.06
	- Non-Current	94.81	81.03

C.	Net (asset) / liability recognised in the balance sheet as at year end	For the Year ended March 31, 2026	For the Year ended March 31, 2025
	Present value of obligation at end of the year	118.63	100.09
	Fair value of plan assets at end of the year	-	-
	Net (asset) / liability in the balance sheet	118.63	100.09

D.	Expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss	For the Year ended March 31, 2026	For the Year ended March 31, 2025
	Current service cost	64.84	54.71
	Interest cost	6.56	4.98
	Actuarial (gain) / loss recognised in the period	-46.41	-28.23
	Expected return on plan assets	-	-
	Total expenses recognised in the profit and loss account for the year	24.99	31.46

The above disclosures are based on information furnished by the independent actuary and relied upon by the auditors

(c) Contributions to defined contribution plan:

During the year, the Company recognized Rs. 109.61 lakhs (March 31, 2025 - Rs.98.07 lakhs) to Provident Fund under defined contribution plan and Rs. 18.88 lakhs (March 31, 2025 - Rs. 20.59 lakhs) for contributions to Employee State Insurance scheme in the Statement of profit & loss and Rs. 0.19 lakhs (March 31, 2025 - Rs. 0.08 lakhs) to Labour Welfare Scheme. In addition to the above, the Company had capitalised an amount of Rs. 16.63 lakhs (March 31, 2025 - Rs.19.27 lakhs) of Provident Fund under defined contribution plan and Rs. 0.12 lakhs (March 31, 2025 - Rs. 2.59 lakhs) of contribution to Employee State Insurance scheme.



Note No. | **Particulars**

32 Leases

The Company is operating its business in the rent premises and the same is under operating lease. Lease rentals paid and during the year to the financial statement on operating leases taken by the company aggregate to Rs. 107.34 lakhs (previous year Rs 67.70 lakhs). The future expected minimum lease payments under operating lease are as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Not later than one year	73.32	53.85
More than one year but not more than 5 years	148.64	132.10
Later than 5 years	-	-

33 Capital and other commitments

Estimated amount of contracts to be executed on capital account for the purchase of machinery (refer note no:18) and not provided for in current year is Nil (for previous year i.e., for March 31, 2025: Rs.35 lakhs).
Other commitments are cancellable at the option of the Company and hence not disclosed.

34 Litigations and claims

(a) Note 1:

i. Matters wherein management have concluded the Company's liability to be probable have accordingly been provided for in the books.

ii. Matters wherein management have concluded the Company's liability to be possible and have accordingly been disclosed under Note 34(b) Contingent liabilities below.

iii. Matters wherein management is confident of succeeding in these litigations and have concluded the Company's liability to be remote. This is based on the relevant facts of judicial precedents and as advised by legal counsel which involves various legal proceedings and claims, in different stages of process.

(b) Note 2: Contingent liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Disputed - Income tax #	20.48	-
Guarantees given by the Bank @	219.10	266.98
Total	**239.58**	**266.98**

Note a: Income Tax-

@ The Company has contested the demand on the disallowance of deduction under section 80JJAA under CIT Appeals. The management , based on its assessment and professional advice, believes that the Company has reasonable grounds to defend these matters. Accordingly, the disputed amounts have been disclosed as contingent liabilities to the extent not provided for.

Date of order & Authority where appeal is pending	Assessment Year	Demand as per IT department
13-10-2025 & CIT Appeals	2021-22	1.66
16-09-2025 & CIT Appeals	2022-23	3.84
13-10-2025 & CIT Appeals	2023-24	8.01
13-10-2025 & CIT Appeals	2024-25	6.97
Total		**20.48**

Note b

The Company has provided bank guarantees worth Rs.219.10 lakhs (previous year - Rs.266.98 lakhs) towards the performance guarantees issued to the customers for a tenure up to 36 months.

35 Imported and indigenous raw materials, components and spare parts consumed including the devices manufactured

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2026	For the Year ended March 31, 2025
Imported	23.88	54.50
Imported % to total	2.09%	5.22%
Indigenous	1,117.04	990.09
Indigenous % to total	97.91%	94.78%
Total	1,140.92	1,044.59
Total %	100.00%	100.00%

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Note No.	Particulars

36 Expenditure in foreign currency (accrual basis)

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2026	For the Year ended March 31, 2025
Legal and professional charges	0.88	8.80
Interest on Compulsorily Convertible Debentures	8.79	8.82
Total	**9.66**	**17.62**

37 Earnings in foreign exchange

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2026	For the Year ended March 31, 2025
Export of services	111.84	-
Total	**111.84**	**-**

38 Value of imports calculated on CIF basis

The Company has imported goods worth Rs. 24.63 lakhs in the current year. (March 31, 2025 : Rs. 70.81 lakhs).

39 Unhedged foreign currency exposures

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
	Amount	Amount
Trade receivables (USD)	120,000.00	-
Trade receivables (INR in Lakhs)	113.58	-

The Company has not entered into any derivative contracts to hedge the risk of forex rate fluctuations during the year.

40 Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006

The Company has not identified any of the vendors, based on the registration certification shared by the suppliers to the extent of the information available with the Company.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises remaining unpaid	Nil	Nil
Interest due on above	Nil	Nil
the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year	Nil	Nil
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act 2006.	Nil	Nil
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year	Nil	Nil
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act 2006	Nil	Nil

41 Relationship with strike off companies

The company's search based on publicly available database on struck off companies did not reveal any transactions with such companies.

42 Other disclosures

(a) The Company has not been declared as willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution and there is no charge pending to be registered with the Registrar of the Companies

(b) No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries).

There are no loans and advances in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, key managerial personnel and related parties, repayable on demand or without specified terms.

(c) The Company has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.



Note No.	Particulars

(d) (i) The borrowings from banks and financial institutions have been used for the purposes for which it was taken at the balance sheet date.

(ii) Quarterly/Monthly returns or statements of current assets are filed by the Company with banks and are in agreement with the books of accounts.

(iii) There is no default in repayment of principal or interest by the Company.

(e) The Company does not hold any benami property. Further, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and the rules made thereunder.

(f) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.

(g) The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of account that has been surrendered, disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the income tax act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any of the relevant provisions of the Income tax Act, 1961.)

(h) The Company has not done revaluation of its Property, plant and equipment during the financial year.

(i) The Company has been regular in compliance with ROC filings.

(j) The Company has not entered into amalgamation or demerger.

(k) Compliance with number of layers: The Company does not have any subsidiary companies and hence this clause to comply with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 including the name and CIN of the companies beyond the specified layers and the relationship/extent of holding of the company in such downstream companies is not applicable.

(l) Title Deeds of Immovable Property:
a.There is no immovable property held in the name of the Company; accordingly, the disclosure relating to title deeds is not applicable..
b.Building is taken on lease by the Company, and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the Company (as the lessee).

(m) The Company has used accounting software (ERP) for maintaining its books of account, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded and audit trail feature has not been tampered with during the period. However, audit trail was not enabled to log any direct data changes at database level both in application layer and database layer of the accounting software.

(n) Where Loans or Advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013,) either severally or jointly with any other person, that are:

(a) Repayable on demand or

(b) Without specifying any terms or period of repayment

Type of Borrower	Amount of loan and Advance in the nature of Loan outstanding	Percentage to the total Loans and Advances in the nature of loans
Promoters	-	-
Directors	-	-
KMPs	-	-
Related Parties	-	-

(p) The company has not issued any shares hence there is no share premium received during the year. Also the borrowings outstanding as at the end of the year are used for intended purpose.

43 Statement of Tax Reconciliation/Shelter

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Net Profit/(Loss) before taxes (A)	1,628.81	959.67
Tax Rate Applicable %	25.17%	25.17%
Minimum Alternate Taxes (MAT)*	NA	NA
Adjustments		
Add: Depreciation as per Companies Act, 2013	474.34	785.96
Add: Disallowance under Income Tax Act, 1961	78.27	97.26
Add: Preliminary Expenses disallowed as per Income Tax Act, 1961		
Add: Provision for doubtful debts		
Less: Depreciation as per Income Tax Act, 1961	-744.77	-741.68
Less: Other allowance under Income Tax Act, 1961 #	-649.16	-457.19
Less : Capital Gains	-	-2.09
Less: Profit on sale of Fixed Assets		
Less: Other source income	-78.46	-51.18
Less: Dividend Income (Exempt)		
Net Adjustments (B)	-919.79	-368.91

PKF SRIDHAR & SANTHANAM LLP * CHENNAI * FIRM REGN No. 003990S/S200018

KritiLabs Technologies Limited - (CIN : U74999TN2019PLC128763)

(formerly known as KritiLabs Technologies Private Limited)

Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts are in lakh Indian Rupees (₹), unless otherwise stated)

Note No. **Particulars**

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Business Income (A+B)	709.02	590.76
Add- Income taxable under other heads of income as per Normal rate	78.46	53.27
Less- Deduction under Sec 35 AD	-	-
Less- Brought Forward Losses and Depreciation	-	-
Gross Total Income	787.48	644.03
Less: 80JJAA Deduction	-11.04	-33.81
Total Income taxable at normal rate	776.44	610.21
Tax Payable as per Normal Rate	195.42	153.58
Tax Payable as per Special Rate	-	-
Tax as per Income Tax (C)	195.42	153.58
Current tax as per restated Statement of Profit & Loss	196.00	165.00
Notes: The current tax has been recognised and taken on a higher side on a conservative basis.		

* MAT is not applicable to the Company since the Company has opted for new regime under the Income Tax Act u/s 115BAA.

This represents Salary expenditure capitalized for IOT devices.(Refer note:28) The same is claimed as other allowable deduction.

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Note No.	Particulars

44 Corporate Social Responsibility

Particulars	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
Average Net Profit of the Company for the last three financial years as per the audited Financial statements	634.41	419.92
Amount required to be spent by the company,		
- from previous year(s) provisions	-	-
- Current year provision under section 135 of the Companies Act 2013	12.69	-
Total	**12.69**	**-**
Amount of expenditure incurred		
- for previous year(s)	-	-
- for current year	-	-
Total	-	-
Shortfall at the end of the year,		
- from previous year(s)	-	-
- from current year (refer note 9)	12.69	-
Total	**12.69**	**-**

* The Company is in the process of complying with the CSR contribution requirements as per the provisions of Companies Act 2013 and will ensure its compliance by contributing to relevant funds approved under the CSR schedule. As the CSR compliance is conducted annually, the unspent amount for the periods ending 31 March 2026 is in accordance with section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Nature of CSR activity: During the year, the Company undertook an initiative to spend the amount which falls under the activities specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013. The amount was transferred to the fund as specified under Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

The CSR expenditure is recognised in expenses as and when the Company makes the payment of the same.

45 Ratios

Particulars	% / times	Numerator	Denominator	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25	% of Change	Reasons for variance
Current Ratio	Times	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	0.54	0.51	4.68	Increase is on account of Increase in receivables.
Debt Equity Ratio	Times	Total Debt	Total Shareholders equity	0.79	0.92	-13.55	Total debt increased by 23%; however, shareholders' equity increased by 43%, causing the debt equity ratio to decrease.
Debt Service coverage ratio	Times	PBT+Interest on term loans, working capital, Interest CCD+depreciation	Interest+Principal	1.84	2.47	-25.63	Increase in the loan during the current financial year has decreased the Debt Service coverage ratio.
Return on Equity Ratio	Percentage	PAT	Average Shareholders Equity	35.26%	28.88%	22.12	Increased PAT has resulted in the increase in the return on Equity.
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Times	COGS	Average Inventory	3.48	2.98	16.68	Decrease in the inventory has resulted in the increase of the inventory turnover.
Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Times	Net revenue	Average trade receivables	5.70	5.88	-3.02	Increase in the average receivable has resulted in the decrease of receivable turnover.
Trade payables turnover ratio	Times	Purchases	Average trade payables	4.85	3.90	24.41	Decrease in trade payable has resulted in the increase of payable turnover.
Net capital turnover ratio	Times	Net revenue	Average working capital	-5.06	-6.95	-27.12	Decrease in net working capital has resulted in the decrease of net capital ratio.
Net profit ratio	Percentage	PAT	Net revenue	20.60%	13.90%	48.22	Increase in PAT has resulted in the increase of net profit ratio.
Return on Capital employed	Percentage	EBIT	Capital employed	24.16%	20.70%	16.71	Increase in EBIT has resulted in the increase of return of capital employed ratio.
Return on investment	Percentage	PAT	Capital employed	16.90%	13.47%	25.51	Increase in PAT outpaced increase in capital employed, resulting in the increase in return on investment.



Note No.	Particulars

46 Previous year figures

Previous year figures have been regrouped / reclassified, where necessary, to conform to this year's classification.

For PKF Sridhar and Santhanam LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No.: 003990S/S200018

S Prasana Kumar
Partner
Membership No: 212354
Place: Chennai
Date: 15-09-2026

PKF SRIDHAR & SANTHANAM LLP * CHENNAI * FIRM REGN No. 003990S/S200018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Kritilabs Technologies Limited

Maroor Varadarajan Srikrishna
Managing Director
DIN: 05244590
Place: Chennai
Date: 15-09-2026

Nirmala Varadarajan
Director
DIN: 08492596
Place: Chennai
Date: 15-09-2026

Jegannath Govindarajan
Chief Financial Officer
Place: Chennai
Date: 15-09-2026

Vignesh R
Company Secretary
ACS 75283
Place: Chennai
Date: 15-09-2026